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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 11009-22 10/630,342 07/30/2003 Alan R. Pfaff JR. 9300 30565 7590 12/06/2004 EXAMINER WOODARD, EMHARDT, MORIARTY, MCNETT & HENRY LLP NGUYEN, PHONG H BANK ONE CENTER/TOWER ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 111 MONUMENT CIRCLE, SUITE 3700 INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46204-5137 3724

DATE MAILED: 12/06/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/630,342		PFAFF, ALAN R.	
Offic	ce Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Phong H No		3724	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status -					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
•	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)☐ Since th	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 20-40 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 20-40 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
<ul> <li>9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 30 July 2004 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).</li> <li>11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.</li> </ul>					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of Refe 2) Notice of Draff 3) Information Di	erences Cited (PTO-892) isperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC sclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT fail Date <u>05/20/2004</u> .		Paper No(s)/Mail	summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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2.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### **Drawings**

1. Figures 1-5 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.121(d)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

The drawings are objected to because the direction arrow of the upper die in Fig. 8 is incorrect. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet"

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in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Applicant improperly claims the benefit of US Provisional Application Serial No. 60/258,694 since the filing date of this application is more than a year after the filing date of the provisional application. See 35 U.S.C 119 (e)(1). Applicant is required to delete the first two lines in the Specification.

#### **Double Patenting**

doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

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7.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 20-23, 28, 29 and 33-36 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim1-3, 9, 10, 11 of U.S. Patent No. 6,681,666 B2, hereinafter patent '666. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the peripheral contact of a pair of carrier cylinders in claim 1 in patent '666 is well known in the art.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 30 and 37-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Regarding claims 30 and 37, the limitation of fabricating the gripping means by electrical discharge machining is not supported by the Specification.

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9.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 20-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant admitted prior art, hereinafter, AAPA in view of Smithwick et al. (5,881,620), hereinafter Smithwick.

Regarding claims 20, 21, 23, 28, 29, 35 and 36, AAPA teaches a rotary die cutting apparatus substantially as claimed comprising:

a pair of cylinders (17, 18) in peripheral contact;

a rotary die (11, 12) mounted to one of the cylinders, the rotary die having cutting elements thereon adapted to generate blanks and scrap portions from the moving web of material;

means 20 for gripping scrap portions, the gripping means extending from the rotary die, the gripping means registering with at least some of the scrap portions as the die rotates; and

a stripping knife 29 having an edge for contacting the scrap portions as the scrap portions are stripped away from the gripping means.

See Figs. 1-5 and page 7, line 1 to page 8, line 10.

AAPA does not teach the gripping means being sized and positioned so as not to piece completely through the scrap portion. Smithwick teaches gripping means 200

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being sized and positioned so as not to piece completely through the scrap portion. See Figs. 1-10. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to substitute the gripping means of Smithwick for the one of AAPA as an alternative means for gripping the crap portions.

Regarding claim 22, the gripping means of Smithwick has a top surface that does not extend above the cutting elements when it is compressed between two dies.

Regarding claims 24, 25, 31, 32 and 38, the gripping means 200 are at three points of an isosceles triangle. See Figs. 5 and 11 in Smithwick.

Regarding claims 26 and 33, the modified apparatus of AAPA is capable of being using for a web material having a thickness of about 0.01 inches and the projections having a height of about 0.015 inches.

Regarding claims 27, 34 and 40, Smithwick teaches varying the number of the gripping elements 200 to accommodate the pressure due to an upper die and a lower die. See Figs. 5 and 11.

Regarding claim 39, Smithwick does not disclose the height of the gripping elements 200. However, varying the height of the gripping elements to accommodate the compressing pressure due to the rotating of the upper die and the lower die is routine skill in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide gripping elements having a height about 0.015 inches to accommodate the compressing pressure due to the rotating of the upper die and the lower die.

Regarding claims 30 and 37, AAPA teaches methods of fabricating gripping elements such as masking or etching. See page 4 in the Specification 2.

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#### Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Cox et al. (5,417,132), Hofmann (3,946,627), Imai (4,224,851) teach rotary dies of general interest.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phong H Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-4510. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Allan Shoap can be reached on 571-272-4514. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PN: pr

November 30, 2004

Timothy V. Eley Primary Examiner